

JUDE verses 1 & 2

viewer guide - session 1

Sometimes one chapter is all you need...

1. Reflect on Jude 1 - 2

Most scholars believe the author is the _____ .

Pause to read Mark 6:3 and Matthew 13:55

Jesus's Brothers: _____ , _____ , _____ , _____

NKJV : James a _____ of God and of the Lord Jesus Christ. See James 1:1

The word used is DOULOS - one who is subservient to, and entirely at the disposal of his master.

This word, Doulos was used in the Old Testament to describe many men of God.

Servants of the Lord:

_____ (Gen 26:24)

_____ (Num 12:7, Deut 34:5)

_____ (Joshua 24:29)

_____ (2 Kings 10:10)

_____ (2 Samuel 7:5)

Jesus _____ (Isaiah 53:11)

If we are not slaves to God, we are slaves to something, whether we like it or not.

See Romans 6: 15-23 and Matthew 11:28-30

2. Read Jude 1b

The word "to call" is KALEIN from the word _____ (ka - leh - o)

The word is used in several ways:

- Called to _____ or responsibility.
- Called to a _____ or _____ .
- Called to court to _____ of oneself.
- Called to be _____ , _____
_____. **See Romans 1:1**
- Called to be _____ , _____ , or more specifically,
_____. **See Romans 1:7**
- Called according to the _____ . **See Romans 8:28**

3. He has put his seal of the _____ upon us to keep us [called].

See 2 Corinthians 1:22 and Ephesians 1: 13-14

4. If we take his yoke upon us; if we truly and finally decide to be slaves of God rather than slaves of sin, mercy, peace, and _____ naturally follow. **See Galatians 5:22-23**

JUDE verses 3 & 4

viewer guide - session 2

“Dear friends, although I was very eager to write to you about the salvation we share...”

Reflect on Jude 3-4

1. Amplified: _____

KJV: _____

NIV: _____

“When God has something to say it’s going to be _____. It’s going to be _____
_____ than what you want to say.” **See 1 Corinthians 2:1-5**

**Does this book last forever? Are these words in the Bible? Are we reading them now if Jude
just presses on and does what he originally wanted to do?**

Proverbs 16:9: “A man’s mind plans his way [as he journeys through life], But the LORD directs his
steps *and* establishes them.”

2. The same faith that Jude is talking about has been entrusted to us in several ways:

• by _____ through _____

• through the _____ - disciples, apostles, etc.

• the _____ that came _____.

- We actually form an unbroken chain from generation to generation all the way back to Jesus
Christ and the disciples.

- We _____ with this [gospel] to keep it along.

See 2 Timothy 1:14; 1 Timothy 6:20-21; 1 Thessalonians 2:2-4

• from _____ through revelations of the _____ .

3. We are the _____ of the faith. We have to be watchful. **See 1 Peter 5:8-9;**

Acts 20:28-31

4. Verse 4 - ...certain men had crept in unawares.

The Greek word for this is _____. As William Barclay puts it:

“This word (pareisdyno) is used to denote the seductive words of a clever pleader seeping gradually into the mind of a judge and jury. It is used of an outlaw slipping secretly back into the country from which he has been expelled. It is used of the slow and subtle entry of innovations into the life of the state, which in the end undermine and break down the ancestral laws. It always indicates a stealthy insinuation of something evil into a society or situation.”

What dangers had crept in?

• They twist the _____ into a license for immorality.

Aselgia - an adjective that describes the type of person who doesn't care who sees them sin.

See Luke 17:3; Acts 3:19; 2 Peter 3:9; Matthew 7:21-23

See additional verses: Acts 17:30; Romans 2:4; 1 John 1:9, 2 Chronicles 7:14; Luke 13:3;

Proverbs 28:13; Ezekiel 18:30-32; Revelation 2:21

• They deny our sovereign and Lord, Jesus Christ.

1. We can deny when we are _____ .

2. We can deny him for the sake of _____ .

3. We can deny Him by developing _____ of who He is.

4. We can deny Him by our _____ and _____ .

JUDE verses 5 - 7

viewer guide - session 3

“Now I want to remind you...”

1. Reflect on Jude 5 - 7

Read Numbers 13:1-2; 26-28

Descendants of Anak:

Read Deuteronomy 2:10; Deuteronomy 3:11; 2 Samuel 21:15; Numbers 13:32-33;

Genesis 6:1-4

EXTRA REFERENCES:

Rephaites/Giants - 1 Chronicles 20:4-8; 1 Samuel 17; 2 Samuel 21:15-22

Read Numbers 14:8-11; 20-24; 26-35

Jude is warning them not to be _____ as the Israelites were led astray by those they had chosen as _____. That’s where it began. They were led astray by people they trusted...they ended up trusting them _____ and it cost them.

2. Read Jude 6

Two biblical verses also reference the fallen angels Isaiah 14:12 and Luke 10:18.

These angels in these high positions left their lofty places because of _____ and _____.

3. Read Matthew 10:15 (also in 11:25) and Luke 17:28-29

EXTRA REFERENCES:

- Deuteronomy 29:23; 32:32
- Amos 4:11
- Isaiah 1:9; 3:9; 13:19
- Jeremiah 23:14, 49:18, 50:40
- Zephaniah 2:9
- Lamentations 4:6
- Ezekiel 16:46, 49, 53, 55

God tells Abraham He will _____ Sodom and Gomorrah for the outcry is great and their sin is grievous (meaning: _____ , causing _____ .)

Read Genesis 19:1-3

- Lot sets up his camp near Sodom which was already _____. If we set up camp near enough to sin, there is a good chance we begin to compromise. **Read**

Genesis 13:11-13

Read Genesis 19:4-5; 6-8; 15-17; 23-26

In 2 Peter 2:7 it calls Lot a _____ man.

But we can see there are _____ for a _____ of sin.

Read Genesis 19:33-35

- We never know how much sin is seeping into our lives when we live in _____ to it.

The enemy is always coming for us and we have to be watchful with a sword in one hand and a tool in the other as we build the kingdom of God. See 1 Peter 5:8 and Nehemiah 4:17-18

JUDE verses 8 - 10

viewer guide - session 4

"In the very same way..."

Reflect on Jude 8 - 10

1. Read Deuteronomy 13:1-5

Jude goes into what their teachings are causing:

- _____ the _____ through sexual immorality.
- Rejecting the _____ of the church, but they also spoke evil of angels -
God's messengers.

Read Deuteronomy 34:4-6

Michael knew where the _____ and _____ to resist the devil came from. **See Matthew 4:1-11**

Read Jude 11

2. Read Genesis 4:1-12

For the Jews he also represents the _____ , one who opposes the moral world order. One who opposes the _____ of God.

3. Why is God displeased with Cain's offering?

- What is tithe? **Read Leviticus 27:30 and Genesis 14:19**

Tithe is a _____ of everything and offerings are anything over 10%.

It is given in thanks of God's _____ and _____ .

- It may not have been ten percent. **Read Malachi 3:10**

God is saying that when we don't bring _____ and _____ we are robbing

God. **Read Malachi 3:8-9**

- It may not have been given willingly. **See 2 Corinthians 8:12**
- He did not give the best. **See Leviticus 27:32-33**

Generosity in scripture:

- Deuteronomy 15:10-11:
- 2 Chronicles 31:3-10
- Psalms 112:5
- Proverbs 11:24-25
- Proverbs 22:9
- Matthew 6:1-4
- 2 Corinthians 9:6-15
- 1 Timothy 6:17-19

4. Read Numbers 16:1-11

If we look at Psalms 42-48 as well as 84-88 we see they were written by the _____.

Read Numbers 16:28-33

Their desire for more honor and power led them to _____ the _____

of the Lord.

JUDE verse 11

viewer guide - session 5

"Woe to them!"

Read Jude 11

Numbers 22:1-3; Numbers 22:9-12; Numbers 22:18-22; Numbers 22:22-35; Numbers 22:41 - 23:13

Balaam in this passage gives _____ prophetic messages.

1. How is he [Balaam] _____ from _____ ? **Read 1 Samuel 28:3-21**

- We can see a lack of _____ with _____ in chapter 24 of Numbers.
- In Israel they set up _____ altar for _____ .
- This just shows us God _____ and _____ use whomever _____
_____ to send a message.

2. Why is God _____ at him for going when he _____ him to go?

- He was always going to let him go.... He wants to drive home to Balaam that He _____
_____ .
- The phrase "when he went" or "as he went" can also be interpreted, " _____
_____ ."

3. So why is he brought up as a _____ in Jude?

Read Numbers 25:1-3

- _____ and _____ are most likely named after Baal.

Read 1 Corinthians 10:20

Read Numbers 31:8 & 16

- That's Balaam's error. He tries to bring together God's people and his own pagan

_____ .

Read Revelation 2:14

Read 2 Peter 2:15

Read Joshua 2:1

- Shittim is the _____ the Israelites camped before they entered the

_____ .

We have to _____ his ways.

We have to _____ his face.

We have to _____ him.

JUDE verse 12 - 16

viewer guide - session 6

"They are hidden rocks..."

Read Jude 12 - 16

1. "They are hidden rocks..."

Read 1 Corinthians 11:17-21

Read Luke 14:13-14

"But when you give a feast invite the _____, the crippled, the lame, the blind, and you will be blessed, because they cannot repay you. For you will be repaid at the _____ of the just."

Read Leviticus 25:35-36

Read Acts 4:31-32

How many people left this _____ because it seemed no different than the _____ ?

Are we guilty of the same thing?

Read Ezekiel 34:8-10

We can't be _____. We have to feel the _____ of caring for others.

2. "They are like clouds which drop no water..."

When people walk into a church, what _____ are they living in?

Read 1 Peter 4:3

Read Romans 13:13-14

Read Galatians 5:21

There is always a _____ of the culture around us and what is _____
to them creeping into the _____ .

3. **"They are autumn trees..."**

Read Matthew 7:15-20

Read Titus 3:14

See also James 2:14-17

4. **"They are wild waves of the sea..."**

What was once hidden is now obvious to everyone.

Though this may not be in the Bible, the readers of the letter were _____
of this book and the _____ of the warning Jude invokes.

5. **"Grumblers..." v 16**

The word he uses is Goggustes (pronounced gong - goos - tace) which is the same used in the Old
Testament passage about the murmuring of the Israelites. It means one who _____
against _____ .

6. **"They boast about themselves..." v16**

7. **Read Jude 17 - 19**

This is nothing we shouldn't have expected.

Read 1 Timothy 4:1-3

Read Matthew 24:10-11

8. Read Jude 20-21

First we must have a _____ and our foundation is _____
_____ .

What is praying the Holy Ghost?

Tongues first appears when the _____ falls at
_____ . **Read Acts 2:2-13**

_____ languages listed to have heard and
understood.

We do see tongues accompany the receiving of the Holy Spirit.

Acts 19:4-7

Acts 10:44-48

Speaking in tongues was the _____ that the _____
had received the Holy Spirit. (The Jerusalem Council see Acts 15 specifically verses 7-9)

1 Corinthians 14

verse 18 - Paul prays in _____ .

1. Eagerly desire this gift, just especially prophecy
2. They utter mysteries by the spirit (they are praying by the Spirit)
3. Paul wants everyone to speak in tongues
4. Prophecy edifies the church, tongues (without interpretation) edifies an individual.

- Edification is described in verse 3 as _____ ,
_____ , _____ .

The Spirit is doing that _____ us and _____ us when we pray in tongues.

5. Praying in tongues is the _____ praying. v 14

6. Paul seems to imply that at every gathering someone spoke in a tongue and was interpreted, but if no interpretation do it to yourself. vs 26-28

In the same way, the Spirit helps us in our weakness. We do not know what we ought to pray for, but the Spirit himself intercedes for us through wordless groans. Romans 8:26

The Spirit knows what to pray and _____ for us!

When Jude says to pray in the Holy Ghost, these things are implied:

1. Pray in the Spirit that you might be strengthened, encouraged, and comforted.

2. Pray in the Spirit that you might pray _____ when you do not know what to pray.

Why are tongues and prophecy so rare now when it was commonplace in the early church?

9. **Read Jude 22-23**

How do we ourselves stay encouraged and comforted as we try to do the same for others?

10. **Read Jude 24-25**

Aptaistos (OP - tie - stos) a word used for a _____
_____ .